## Department of Information Engineering and Computer Science DISI



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## **Human Behavior Recognition using a Context-Free Grammar**

Andrea Rosani, Nicola Conci, and Francesco De Natale

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# HUMAN BEHAVIOR RECOGNITION USING A CONTEXT FREE GRAMMAR



UNIVERSITY OF TRENTO - Italy **Department of Information** 

**Engineering and Computer Science** 

Andrea Rosani, Nicola Conci, and Francesco G.B. De Natale Multimedia Signal Processing and Understanding Lab

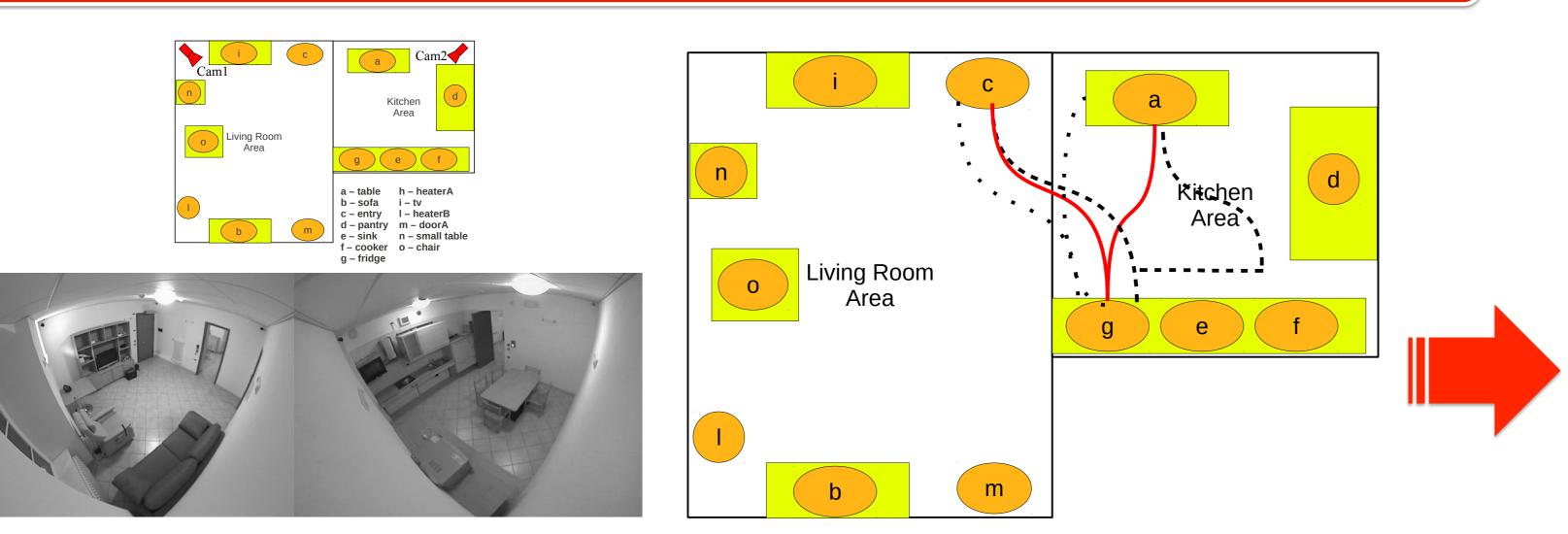
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### 1. Introduction

Automatic recognition of human activities and behaviors is still a challenging problem for many reasons, including limited accuracy of the data acquired by sensing devices, high variability of human behaviors, and gap between visual appearance and scene semantics.

Symbolic approaches can significantly simplify the analysis and turn raw data into chains of meaningful patterns. This allows getting rid of most of the clutter produced by lowlevel processing operations, embedding significant contextual information into the data, as well as using simple syntactic approaches to perform the matching between incoming sequences and models.

## 2. Problem Statement



Human activity is highly variable: people tend to perform same actions using different paths in normal life. The objective of this work is to define a technique robust to the noise to represent, detect and classify complex human behaviors.

## 3. Solution based on a Context Free Grammar

- (i) represent incoming path through a set of defined hot spots, in order to bring the the low level representation to a symbolic one;
- (ii) during the training, apply an algorithm to extract the signature of each class and to code the CFG models based on both positive and negative samples;
- (iii) introduce the possibility of efficiently retraining the system in the presence of misclassified or unrecognized events;
- (iv) in the classification, operate a parsing procedure that allows correct detection of the activities also when they are concatenated and/or nested one with each other.

## 4. Framework description

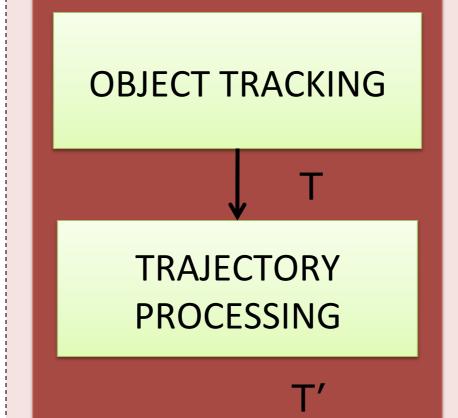
Training set (positive and Clustering strings negative sample into activities strings)

CFG rules definition

**ACTIVITY SIGNATURE** DISCOVERY AND CFG **RULES CODING** 

TRAINING

In the training phase (offline), a set of paths are used to automatically learn the signature of each activity class formally coded as CFG rules.



**Trajectory representation** 

 $T = \{P_i, t_i\}$  i = 1, ..., N $P_i = \{x_i, y_i\}$ 

**HOTSPOT** representation

 $T' = \{R_i, t_i\} \quad j=1, ..., M$  $R_i$  HOTSPOT

**CFG RULES DATABASE** 

Re-training

procedure

with CFG

rules

update



The classification is performed through a parsing strategy followed by grammar evaluation using standard derivation rules.



String combination

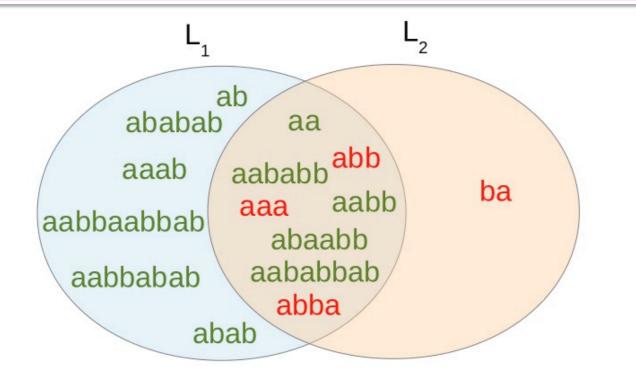
algorithm

CFG parsing algorithm

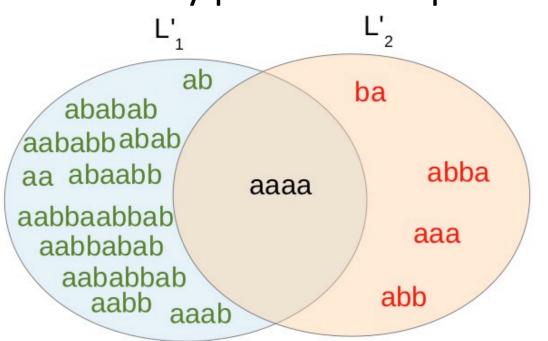


Activity detection

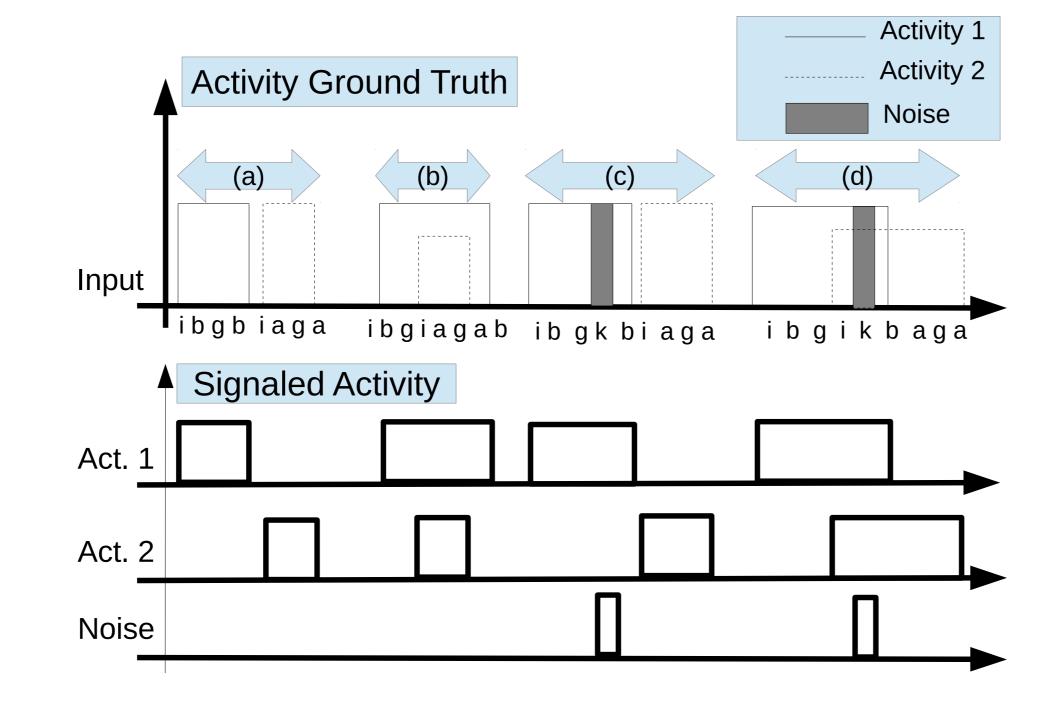
### 5. Results



Example of intersection between the languages  $L_1 = L(P_1)$  and  $L_2 = L(P_2)$ generated by positive samples only.

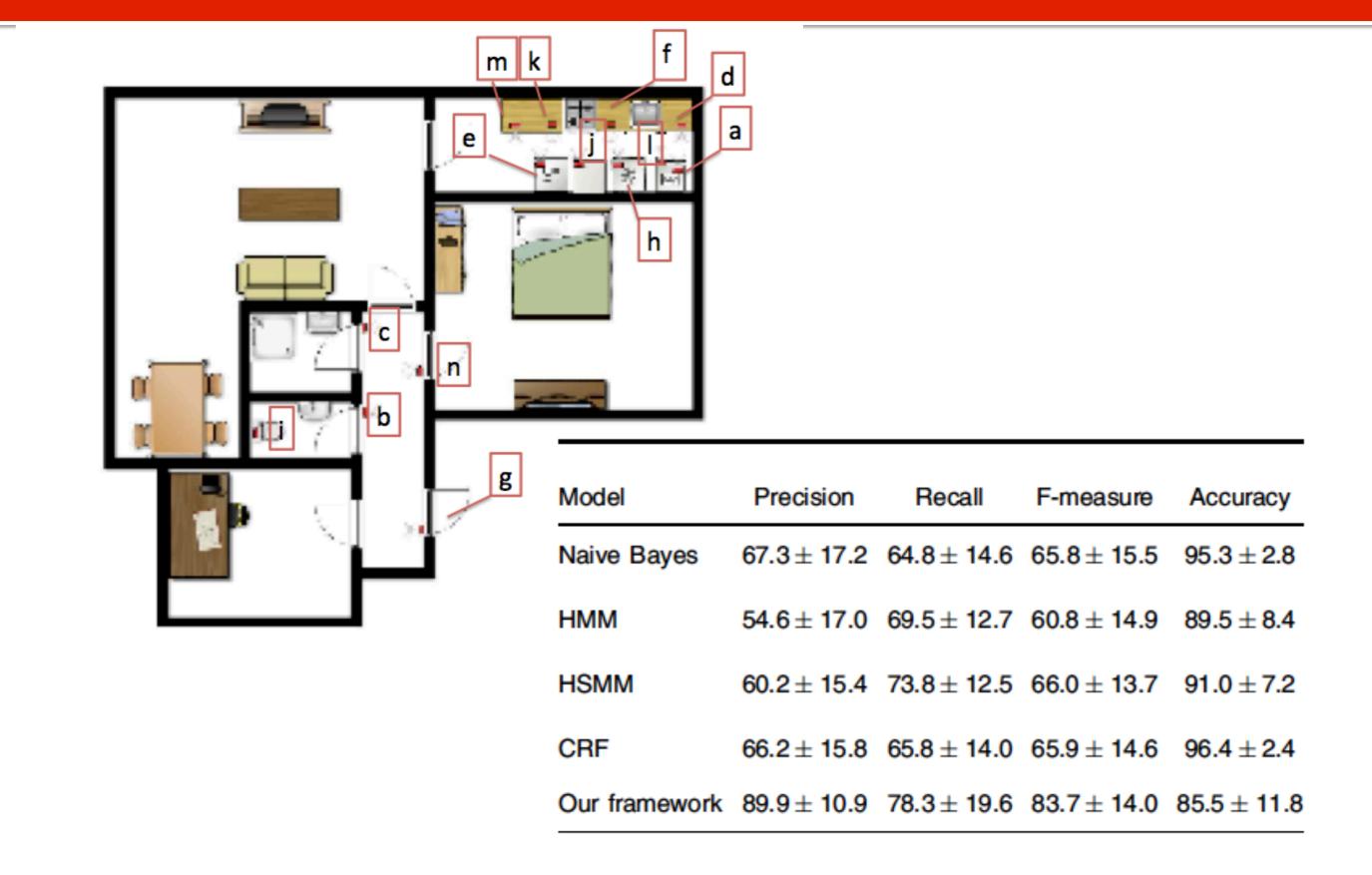


Example of intersection between two languages  $L'_1 = L(P'_1)$  and  $L'_2 = L(P'_2)$ generated by **positive and negative** samples.



### **Activity spotting examples:**

- (a) two consecutive sequences;
- (b) hierarchy between two activities;
- (c) two nested activities with noisy symbols;
- (d) two overlapping activities with noisy symbols.



**Comparison** of the obtained results against the reference method: T. Kasteren, G. Englebienne, and B. Krse, "Human activity recognition from wireless sensor network data: Benchmark and software," in Activity Recognition in Pervasive Intelligent Environments, L. Chen et al., Eds, pp. 165–186, Atlantis Press, Amsterdam, Netherlands (2011).

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